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Harmful - can cause serious pain or death in humans



Chironex yamaguchii

Highly venomous, seek immediate medical attention if stung. Sting causes extreme pain and can be fatal, especially for young children. Leaves long-lasting scars.



Physalia physalis

Venomous, seek immediate medical attention if stung. Sting causes extreme pain, potentially fatal. Floats on the surface of the water and can get washed up on shore.



Pelagia noctiluca

Venomous, seek immediate medical attention if stung. Sting causes long-lasting pain (up to 2 weeks). Not known to be fatal. Can aggregate in large numbers.

First aid for jellyfish stings

1. Immediately exit the water.
2. Pour vinegar over the sting site area. **DO NOT** use fresh water or urine as it will worsen the sting.
3. Remove any tentacles that are still stuck to the skin with fingers or tweezers. **DO NOT** rub the wound with sand.
4. Bring the victim to the nearest hospital/clinic.

Irritating - Causes skin redness and itchiness in humans



Lobonemoides robustus

Large pink jellyfish, causes itchiness. Can bloom in large numbers. Edible.



Catostylus townsendii

Common jellyfish, causes itchiness. Commonly found near beaches.



Acromitus flagellatus

Common jellyfish, causes itchiness. Found near mangroves and coasts.



Linuche sp.

Very small jellyfish, causes rashes and itchiness (seabather's eruption). Forms large blooms.

Harmless - not known to pose a danger to humans



Aurelia sp.

A weak swimmer, translucent and lacy. Sting is mostly harmless to humans.



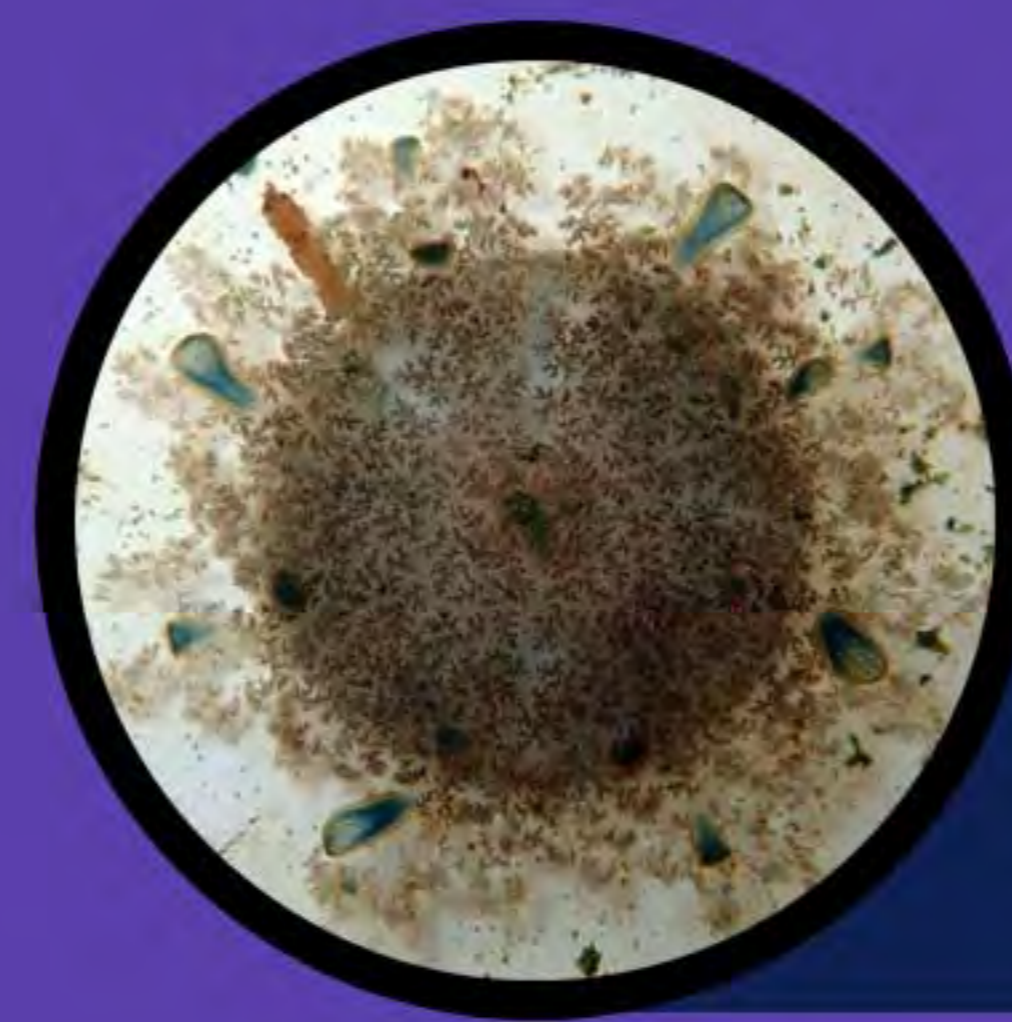
Anomalorhiza shawi

Rare, large coastal jellyfish. Commonly found with small fishes.



Mastigias papua

Photosynthetic jellyfish. Has symbiotic algae living inside its tentacles.



Cassiopea sp.

Photosynthetic jellyfish. Rests on ocean floor upside-down.



Phyllorhiza punctata

Large uncommon jellyfish. Has the potential to form large blooms.



Thysanostoma thysanura

Solitary jellyfish, has large bushy oral arms. Normally oceanic.



Netrostoma sp.

Medium sized purple/pink jellyfish. Has a domed "crown" on the bell.



Aqueorea sp.

Transparent jellyfish, contains proteins that can glow in the dark.