

# UNEMPLOYMENT AMONG WOMEN IN INDIA

## INTRODUCTION

Payman J. Simanjuntak, unemployment is an individual who is not working for a few months while waiting for another job that offers work. In this case, unemployment can occur due to the lack of job opportunities offered or the attitude of the individual himself who has the opportunity and does not seek to get it. In short, unemployment can occur indoors or in an individual's outdoor environment.

## CLAIM AND REASON



• **Burden of household chores**



• **Marriage status**



• **Women background**



## THE IMPACT

### 1. POVERTY RATE FOR WOMEN RISES

- A lack of work means having to rely on savings or take out loans to meet basic living expenses.

### 2. MENTAL HEALTH ISSUE

- Unemployment can have serious psychological and studies show that mothers raising children alone are at a heightened risk for mental illness

### 3. LACK OF GENDER DIVERSITY IN LABOR FORCE

- Caused India's significant gender gap and gender diversity might boost company performance.

## SOLUTION

### 1. EDUCATION

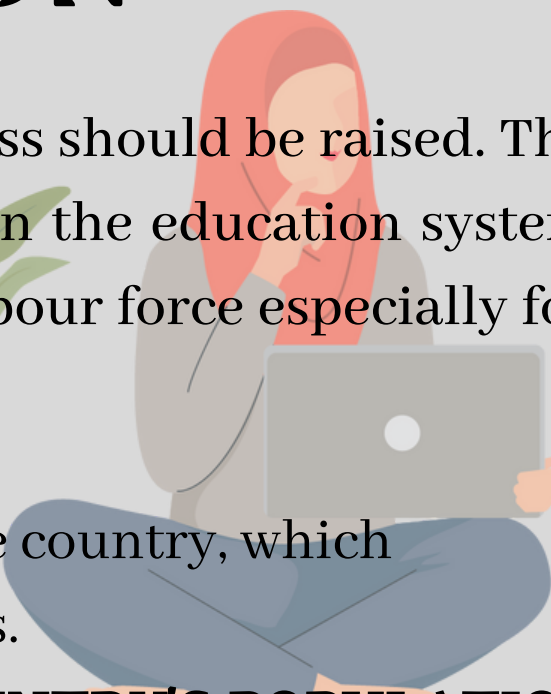
- Indian women's educational awareness should be raised. The government should keep a close eye on the education system and endeavour to develop a trained labour force especially for women.

### 2. GOVERNMENT POLICY

- Entice investors to put money into the country, which will allow for the creation of more jobs.

### 3. SLOW THE GROWTH OF THE COUNTRY'S POPULATION.

- be able to obtain full employment by cutting back on the available labour force.



## ANALYSIS DATA



- India has the second most people in the world, after China. In 2019, India has 1.3 Billion people living there right now.
- Data in 2019 also found, there are 717.10 million men, and 662.90 million women in india. The percentage of women is 48.04 percent, while the percentage of men is 51.96 percent.
- India also has one of the lowest percentages of women working in the world, especially in cities. Most of India's working women work in low-skilled jobs like farming and factory work in the country's rural areas.

## CONCLUSION

Between 2010 and 2020, the number of working women in India dropped from 26% to 19%, according to data compiled by the World Bank. Family status concerns and market stigma may prohibit women from working. In addition, Culture, economy, society and religion also explain the decline in Indian women's employment participation. This matter should be curbed because Indian women also have potential in the field of employment.

## REFERENCE

Valliami, A., & Savithiri, D. (2020). The Problem of Unemployment among the Women in Nagapattinam. International Journal of Advanced Engineering Research and Science, 7(4), 325–333. <https://doi.org/10.22161/ijaers.74.41>